TO: From the INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY **CASE NUMBER** HYDE, Robert Alan RECEIVED RECKITT BENCKISER Inc Morris Corporate Center IV WRITTEN OPINION 0 9 MAR 2004 399 Interpace Parkway (PCT Rule 66) OUI Ed LINGOI Parsippany - New Jersey 07054 RECKITT BENCKIBER ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE GROUP PATENTS DEPT Date of mailing (day/month/year) Applicant's or agent's file reference KENBUILDIN 2 month(s) **REPLY DUE** 10997P3 WO/RH from the above date of mailing International application No. International filing date (day/month/year) Priority date (day/month/year) PCT/GB 03/03549 14.08.2003 14.08.2002 International Patent Classification (IPC) or both national classification and IPC A01N37/36 Applicant RECKITT BENCKISER INC. et al. This written opinion is the first drawn up by this International Preliminary Examining Authority. 1. 2. This opinion contains indications relating to the following items: Basis of the opinion 11 **Priority** Ш  $\boxtimes$ Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability Lack of unity of invention Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement V١ Certain documents cited VII Certain defects in the international application VIII 🗆 Certain observations on the international application The applicant is hereby invited to reply to this opinion. When? See the time limit indicated above. The applicant may, before the expiration of that time limit, request this Authority to grant an extension, see Rule 66.2(d). How? By submitting a written reply, accompanied, where appropriate, by amendments, according to Rule 66.3. For the form and the language of the amendments, see Rules 66.8 and 66.9. Also: For an additional opportunity to submit amendments, see Rule 66.4. For the examiner's obligation to consider amendments and/or arguments, see Rule 66.4 bis. For an informal communication with the examiner, see Rule 66.6. If no reply is filed, the international preliminary examination report will be established on the basis of this opinion, The final date by which the international preliminary examination report must be established according to Rule 69.2 is: 14.12.2004

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## WRITTEN OPINION

International application No.

PCT/GB 03/03549

l. Basis	of the	opinion
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1. With regard to the **elements** of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this opinion as "originally filed"):

	Des	Description, Pages							
	1-3	5	as originally filed						
	Cla	claims, Numbers							
1-166		66	as originally filed						
2.		With regard to the <b>language</b> , all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the anguage in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.							
	The	nese elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:							
		the language of pub	anslation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)). lication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)). anslation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under 3).						
3.		With regard to any <b>nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence</b> disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:							
		contained in the inte	mational application in written form.						
		filed together with the international application in computer readable form.							
		☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.							
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.							
			he subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure pplication as filed has been furnished.						
	☐ The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequen listing has been furnished.								
4.	The	amendments have r	esulted in the cancellation of:						
		the description,	pages:						
		the claims,	Nos.:						
		the drawings,	sheets:						
5.		This opinion has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)).							
6.	Add	litional observations,	if necessary:						
	see	separate sheet							

III. Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability



International application No.

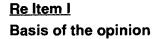
PCT/GB 03/03549

1.		obvious), or to be industrially applicable have not been and will not be examined in respect of:					
		the entire international applicat	tion,				
	Ø	claims Nos. 1-166(all partly)					
		because:					
		the said international application not require an international pre		aid claims Nos. relate to the following subject matter which does amination (specify):			
		the description, claims or draw that no meaningful opinion cou		te particular elements below) or said claims Nos. are so unclear d (specify):			
		the claims, or said claims Nos. are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinion could be formed.					
	×	no international search report I	has been es	stablished for the said claims Nos. 1-166(all partly)			
2.		written opinion cannot be drawn due to the failure of the nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence listing to omply with the Standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative Instructions:					
		the written form has not been f	urnished or	does not comply with the Standard.			
		the computer readable form has not been furnished or does not comply with the Standard.					
٧.		leasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial pplicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement					
1.	Stat	atement					
	Nov	velty (N)	Claims				
	Inve	entive step (IS)	Claims	1-166			
	Indu	ustrial applicability (IA)	Claims				
2.	Cita	tions and explanations					

see separate sheet







The documents mentioned in this Written Opinion are numbered in accordance with the order they appear in the International Search Report.

## Re Item III

Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability

The ISA carried out an incomplete search (Arts.5, 6 and 17 PCT) for the following reason:

The wording "(a) organic acid" and even the descriptive general formula given in claim 2 is so broad, that a search cannot be carried out within its whole scope, too many alternatives being to be taken into account. Further, the polymer (b) is defined in claim 1 only by a complexing property with respect to (a). This property is intrinsically present in many polymers, but since this property is not necessarily mentioned in the prior art, it is not possible to carry out a complete search as to the polymer either.

Therefore, the search has been limited to combinations of acids as listed in claim 3 and polymers as listed in claim 4. Consequently, the present opinion solely relates to this searched subject-matter.

## Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

The present application lacks conciseness. Actually, the term "concise" as it can be read in Art. 6(ii) and Rule 6.1a PCT and in the PCT Guidelines PG-III 5.1, should be interpreted not only as a requirement to shorten each Claim individually, but also to reduce as much as possible the number of Claims, especially the independent ones, and to avoid claiming twice or more the same features.

In this respect, the present application contains 5 independant claims of the same category (claims 1, 39, 72, 99 and 129). It appears that claims 39, 72 and 99 should be made dependant from claim 1 because all their technical features are already present in claim



1 and further claim 129 is obsolete as having the same scope as claim 1. Moreover, 166 is not a reasonable number of claims for defining an invention and introduces a doubt on what exactly the invention is.

The present invention relates to an aqueous disinfectant composition containing a disinfecting organic acid complexed with a polymer.

D1 describes the antimicrobial properties of organic acids in general and specifically in relation with teat dips for preventing mastitis and an immediate and long lasting antimicrobial effect is obtained. In the examples of D1, PVP K-90 is often present. This polymer is mentioned in the present application as a suitable complexing agent for the organic acids.

D2 describes complexes of organic acids (e.g. citric acid) with N-vinyl-lactam copolymers (e.g. PVP K-30), the obtained effects being mainly the elimination/reduction of surfactant needs, the retention of the active ingredient on the site of application and the enhanced solubility.

D3 teaches the advantages of using an anionic polymer for delivering a cationic chemical. In the present case, the situation in reversed, but when the technical problem is to deliver known anionic chemicals, the selection of the corresponding counter-ionic polymer is obvious.

So far, the contribution to the art is unclear. Whereas novelty with respect to D1 and D2 is formally provided by the copolymer used instead of an homopolymer, it does not appear at the present stage what unexpected effect results therefrom. The cited prior art clearly teaches the advantages of using a complexing polymer as counterionic part for ionic active chemicals to be delivered. Therefore, the present application does not fulfill the criteria of Article 33(3) PCT, because the claimed subject-matter does not involve an inventive step (Rule 65(1) and (2) PCT).